

# OH Annual State Performance Report

## Victim Assistance Formula Grant Program

Reporting Period: [Oct 1, 2017 to Sept 30, 2018]

*This aggregated data is self-reported by the grantees and subgrantees in each state/territory.*

<b>OVC VOCA Assistance Funds</b>				
	<b>2015-VA-GX-0059</b>	<b>2016-VA-GX-0050</b>	<b>2017-VA-GX-0081</b>	<b>2018-V2-GX-0039</b>
<b>Federal Award Amount</b>	\$69,888,068.00	\$78,762,963.00	\$65,138,997.00	\$117,314,842.00
<b>Total Amount of Subawards</b>	\$68,904,574.00	\$82,272,598.00	\$67,621,287.00	\$0.00
<b>Total Number of Subawards</b>	879	493	285	0
<b>Administrative Funds Amount</b>	\$3,494,403.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
<b>Training Funds Amount</b>	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
<b>Balance Remaining</b>	(\$2,510,909.00)	(\$3,509,635.00)	(\$2,482,290.00)	\$117,314,842.00

<b>Subgrantee Organization Type</b>				
<small>The total number of subgrants represents all subgrants funded across all federal awards active during the reporting period. The number is not unique as there are subgrantee organizations that are continuously funded from each federal award.</small>				
<b>Type of Organization</b>	<b>2015-VA-GX-0059</b>	<b>2016-VA-GX-0050</b>	<b>2017-VA-GX-0081</b>	<b>2018-V2-GX-0039</b>
<b>Government Agencies Only</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>0</b>
Corrections	0	0	0	0
Courts	33	27	10	0
Juvenile Justice	16	11	5	0
Law Enforcement	11	10	6	0
Prosecutor	164	122	61	0
Other	17	16	3	0
<b>Nonprofit Organization Only</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>0</b>
Child Abuse Service organization (e.g., child advocacy center)	108	66	41	0
Coalition (e.g., state domestic violence or sexual assault coalition)	21	9	8	0
Domestic and Family Violence Organization	159	72	37	0
Faith-based Organization	9	2	3	0
Organization Provides Domestic and Family Violence and Sexual Assault Services	98	27	20	0
Organization by and/or for underserved victims of crime (e.g., drunk driving, homicide, elder abuse)	48	26	22	0

Office for Victims of Crime - Performance Measurement Tool ( PMT )

Sexual Assault Services organization (e.g., rape crisis center)	37	20	12	0
Multiservice agency	101	49	27	0
Other	38	24	19	0
<b>Federally Recognized Tribal Governments, Agencies, and Organizations Only</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Child Abuse Service organization (e.g., child advocacy center)	0	0	0	0
Court	0	0	0	0
Domestic and Family Violence organization	0	0	0	0
Faith-based organization	0	0	0	0
Juvenile justice	0	0	0	0
Law Enforcement	0	0	0	0
Organization provides domestic and family violence and sexual assault services	0	0	0	0
Prosecutor	0	0	0	0
Sexual Assault Services organization (e.g., rape crisis center)	0	0	0	0
Other justice-based agency	0	0	0	0
Other agency that is NOT justice-based (e.g., human services, health, education)	2	0	0	0
Organization by and/or for a specific traditionally underserved community	0	0	0	0
Organization by and/or for underserved victims of crime (e.g., drunk driving, homicide, elder abuse)	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0
<b>Campus Organizations Only</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>0</b>
Campus-based victims services	17	12	11	0
Law enforcement	0	0	0	0
Physical or mental health service program	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0
<b>Total Number of Subawards</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>493</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>0</b>

\*This number is not unique across fiscal years as there are subgrantee organizations that are funded from multiple federal awards.

<b>Subaward Purpose</b>				
A single SAR can select multiple purposes. Numbers are not unique				
	2015-VA-GX-0059	2016-VA-GX-0050	2017-VA-GX-0081	2018-V2-GX-0039

Office for Victims of Crime - Performance Measurement Tool ( PMT )

A. Continue a VOCA-funded victim project funded in a previous year	739	457	278	0
B. Expand or enhance an existing project not funded by VOCA in the previous year	83	16	4	0
C. Start up a new victim services project	59	22	3	0
D. Start up a new <b>Native American</b> victim services project	1	0	0	0
E. Expand or enhance an existing <b>Native American</b> project	3	1	0	0

<b>VOCA and Match Funds</b>				
A single SAR can select multiple service types. Numbers are not unique				
	<b>2015-VA-GX-0059</b>	<b>2016-VA-GX-0050</b>	<b>2017-VA-GX-0081</b>	<b>2018-V2-GX-0039</b>
A.INFORMATION & REFERRAL	749	439	272	0
B.PERSONAL ADVOCACY/ACCOMPANIMENT	633	392	248	0
C.EMOTIONAL SUPPORT OR SAFETY SERVICES	566	337	222	0
D.SHELTER/HOUSING SERVICES	275	143	95	0
E.CRIMINAL/CIVIL JUSTICE SYSTEM ASSISTANCE	548	350	214	0
F. ASSISTANCE IN FILING COMPENSATION CLAIMS	575	493	285	0

<b>Priority and Underserved Requirements</b>				
<b>Priority Area</b>	<b>2015-VA-GX-0059</b>	<b>2016-VA-GX-0050</b>	<b>2017-VA-GX-0081</b>	<b>2018-V2-GX-0039</b>
<b>Child Abuse</b>				
Total Amount	\$4,189,449.00	\$3,980,647.00	\$15,209,239.00	\$0.00
% of Total Federal Award	6.00 %	5.00 %	23.00 %	
<b>Domestic and Family Violence</b>				
Total Amount	\$35,446,168.00	\$38,683,775.00	\$23,833,903.00	\$0.00
% of Total Federal Award	51.00 %	49.00 %	37.00 %	
<b>Sexual Assault</b>				
Total Amount	\$2,202,911.00	\$6,363,539.00	\$13,239,079.00	\$0.00
% of Total Federal Award	3.00 %	8.00 %	20.00 %	
<b>Underserved</b>				
Total Amount	\$1,053,330.00	\$1,966,951.00	\$11,139,558.00	\$0.00
% of Total Federal Award	2.00 %	2.00 %	17.00 %	

<b>Budget and Staffing</b>				
<b>Staffing Information</b>	<b>2015-VA-GX-0059</b>	<b>2016-VA-GX-0050</b>	<b>2017-VA-GX-0081</b>	<b>2018-V2-GX-0039</b>

Office for Victims of Crime - Performance Measurement Tool ( PMT )

Total number of paid staff for all subgrantee victimization program and/or services	8328.3	3564.1	2414	
Number of staff hours funded through this VOCA award (plus match) for subgrantee's victimization programs and/or services	489439.86	86033.05	1404078	
Total number of volunteer staff supporting the work of this VOCA award (plus match) for subgrantee's victimization programs and/or services	6281.69	3339.41	2336	
Number of volunteer hours supporting the work of this VOCA award (plus match) for subgrantee's victimization programs and/or services	1400045.06	615601.22	407827	



Victimization Type						
Victimization Type	Number of Subgrantees Indicating Intent to Serve This Victim Type	Number of Individuals Who Actually Received Services Based on a Presenting Victimization				
		Quarter 1 Total	Quarter 2 Total	Quarter 3 Total	Quarter 4 Total	Per Quarter Average
Adult Physical Assault (includes Aggravated and Simple Assault)	3	8064	7986	8692	9217	8489
Adult Sexual Assault	5	4634	4295	4624	4393	4486
Adults Sexually Abused/Assaulted as Children	196	1287	1243	1323	1362	1303
Arson	124	203	182	179	258	205
Bullying (Verbal, Cyber or Physical)	168	1750	2122	1863	1849	1896
Burglary	1	3596	3594	3849	3723	3690
Child Physical Abuse or Neglect	12	8315	8634	9062	13373	9846
Child Pornography	166	249	235	272	315	267
Child Sexual Abuse/Assault	5	5768	5977	6286	6074	6026
Domestic and/or Family Violence	185	29566	29346	28753	29393	29264
DUI/DWI Incidents	138	610	789	925	932	814
Elder Abuse or Neglect	7	908	1041	943	817	927
Hate Crime: Racial/Religious/Gender/ Sexual Orientation/Other (Explanation Required)	147	107	97	176	102	120
Human Trafficking: Labor	153	100	106	110	135	112
Human Trafficking: Sex	3	1133	985	1089	1170	1094
Identity Theft/Fraud/Financial Crime	126	5036	5147	5326	4842	5087

Office for Victims of Crime - Performance Measurement Tool ( PMT )

Kidnapping (non-custodial)	121	501	515	512	514	510
Kidnapping (custodial)	130	91	110	120	99	105
Mass Violence (Domestic/International)	106	75	68	73	87	75
Other Vehicular Victimization (e.g., Hit and Run)	125	712	898	1178	883	917
Robbery	131	2040	2229	2003	2005	2069
Stalking/Harassment	192	4660	3478	3960	4383	4120
Survivors of Homicide Victims	2	2026	1772	2124	1587	1877
Teen Dating Victimization	174	470	402	352	473	424
Terrorism (Domestic/International)	82	17	17	20	38	23
Other	12	12182	8787	9300	9490	9939

**Special Classifications of Individuals**

Special Classifications of Individuals	Number of Individuals Self Reporting a Special Classification				
	Quarter 1 Total	Quarter 2 Total	Quarter 3 Total	Quarter 4 Total	Per Quarter Average
Deaf/Hard of Hearing	398	344	378	437	1020
Homeless	2835	2801	3074	3621	9199
Immigrants/Refugees/Asylum Seekers	760	849	851	952	2031
LGBTQ	850	924	959	889	3127
Veterans	510	461	502	507	1327
Victims with Disabilities: Cognitive/Physical /Mental	5487	4547	4307	4378	14514
Victims with Limited English Proficiency	1106	1200	1183	1259	2898
Other	4631	5012	4700	4550	11411

**General Award Information**

Activities Conducted at the Subgrantee Level	Number	Percent
Total number of individuals who received services during the Fiscal Year.	362667	
Total number of anonymous contacts who received services during the Fiscal Year	50546	
Number of new individuals who received services from your state for the first time during the Fiscal Year.	232807	64.19 %
Of the clients who received services, how many presented with more than one type of victimization during the Fiscal Year?	59891	16.51 %
Number of individuals assisted with a victim compensation application during the Fiscal Year.	27765	

**Demographics**

Demographic Characteristic of New Individuals Served	Number	Percent
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>		
American Indian or Alaska Native	503	0.22 %

Office for Victims of Crime - Performance Measurement Tool ( PMT )

Asian	1262	0.54 %
Black or African American	40985	17.60 %
Hispanic or Latino	4840	2.08 %
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	512	0.22 %
White Non-Latino or Caucasian	112532	48.34 %
Some Other Race	1345	0.58 %
Multiple Races	4818	2.07 %
Not Reported	46614	20.02 %
Not Tracked	19396	8.33 %
<b>Race/Ethnicity Total</b>		<b>232807</b>
<b>Gender Identity</b>		
Male	58646	25.19 %
Female	134748	57.88 %
Other	466	0.20 %
Not Reported	23041	9.90 %
Not Tracked	15906	6.83 %
<b>Gender Total</b>		<b>232807</b>
<b>Age</b>		
Age 0- 12	32982	14.17 %
Age 13- 17	15871	6.82 %
Age 18- 24	26124	11.22 %
Age 25- 59	85997	36.94 %
Age 60 and Older	15438	6.63 %
Not Reported	39662	17.04 %
Not Tracked	16733	7.19 %
<b>Age Total</b>		<b>232807</b>

<b>Direct Services</b>				
<b>Service Area</b>	<b># of Subgrantees That Provided Services in This Category</b>	<b># of Individuals/Contacts Receiving Services</b>	<b>Specific Service</b>	<b>Frequency of Service</b>
A. Information & Referral	345	241371	Enter the number of times services were provided in each subcategory.	0
			A1. Information about the criminal justice process	222566
			A2. Information about victim rights, how to obtain notifications, etc.	184480
			A3. Referral to other victim service programs	88026

Office for Victims of Crime - Performance Measurement Tool ( PMT )

			A4. Referral to other services, supports, and resources (includes legal, medical, faith-based organizations, address confidentiality programs, etc.)	145652
B. Personal Advocacy/ Accompaniment	306	98182	Enter the number of times services were provided in each subcategory.	0
			B1. Victim advocacy/accompaniment to emergency medical care	6613
			B2. Victim advocacy/accompaniment to medical forensic exam	6815
			B3. Law enforcement interview advocacy/accompaniment	11444
			B4. Individual advocacy (e.g., assistance in applying for public benefits, return of personal property or effects)	83273
			B5. Performance of medical or nonmedical forensic exam or interview or medical evidence collection	9961
			B6. Immigration assistance (e.g., special visas, continued presence application, and other immigration relief)	2065
			B7. Intervention with employer, creditor, landlord, or academic institution	13556
			B8. Child or dependent care assistance (includes coordination of services)	12557
			B9. Transportation assistance (includes coordination of services)	40123
			B10. Interpreter services	4938
C. Emotional Support or Safety Services	287	151981	Enter the number of times services were provided in each subcategory.	0
			C1. Crisis intervention (in-person, includes safety planning, etc.)	96004
			C2. Hotline/crisis line counseling	100440
			C3. On-scene crisis response (e.g., community crisis response)	6536
			C4. Individual counseling	62489
			C5. Support groups (facilitated or peer)	40370
			C6. Other Therapy (traditional, cultural, or alternative healing; art, writing, or play therapy, etc.)	14840
			C7. Emergency financial assistance	26897
D. Shelter/ Housing Services	141	17013	Enter the number of times services were provided in each subcategory.	0
			D1. Emergency shelter or safe house	71368
			D2. Transitional housing	23537

			D3. Relocation assistance (includes assistance with obtaining housing)	6184
E. Criminal/ Civil Justice System Assistance	287	172692	Enter the number of times services were provided in each subcategory.	0
			E1. Notification of criminal justice events	217358
			E2. Victim impact statement assistance	42770
			E3. Assistance with restitution	25773
			E4. Civil legal assistance in obtaining protection or restraining order	21503
			E5. Civil legal assistance with family law issues	20092
			E6. Other emergency justice-related assistance	11149
			E7. Immigration assistance	2366
			E8. Prosecution interview advocacy/accompaniment	37147
			E9. Law enforcement interview advocacy/accompaniment	13523
			E10. Criminal advocacy/accompaniment	109282
E11. Other legal advice and/or counsel	14057			



Grantee Annually Reported Questions	
Question/Option	Count
<b>Were any administrative and training funds used during the reporting period?</b>	
Yes	1
No	0
<b>Did the administrative funds support any education activities during the reporting period?</b>	
Yes	0
No	1
Number of requests received for education activities during the reporting period.	0
Number of people trained or attending education events during the reporting period.	0
Number of events conducted during the reporting period.	0
<b>Did the grant support any coordination activities (e.g., with other service providers, law enforcement agencies) during the reporting period?</b>	
Yes	0
No	1
<b>Describe any program or educational materials developed during the reporting period.</b>	
N/A	

<b>Describe any planning or training events held during the reporting period.</b>
N/A
<b>Describe any program policies changed during the reporting period.</b>
No policies were changed during the reporting period.
<b>Describe any earned media coverage events/episodes during the reporting period.</b>
Following the release of VOCA funding in October 2017, over 10 subrecipients received earned media coverage about their awards. The Ohio Attorney General's Office (OAG) received multiple articles in the Columbus Dispatch and the Cleveland Plain Dealer for our work to enhance and expand access to victim services throughout the state of Ohio. Many of the articles highlighted specific programs that received funding and how VOCA funds will be used to provide services to victims of crime.
<b>Describe any coordinated responses/services for assisting crime victims during the reporting period.</b>
In 2017 and 2018, Ohio began funding 6 Trauma Recovery Centers (TRCs) in Columbus, Cincinnati, Springfield, and Toledo. These TRCs work to better coordinate efforts between level one trauma hospitals and community based victim service providers in Ohio. When a victim enters the hospital system with a trauma (gunshot wound, sexual assault, physical assault, etc), they are linked with the TRC who will begin providing trauma therapy and other services while that victim is inpatient. Once the patient is released from the hospital, the TRCs work to ensure that victims received a warm hand-off to other community based victim service providers such as Rape Crisis Centers and long-term housing/service providers. Another example of coordinated efforts is the work being done to develop a protocol for forensic interviewing for individuals with developmental disabilities whom have been victimized by crime. Currently, no standard protocol exists in Ohio, and often times adults with developmental disabilities are sent to child advocacy centers, which is not best practice. Using funds, Disability Rights Ohio is working with over 10 other victim service provider to develop this protocol to ensure that victims of crime with developmental disabilities have access to the same level of services as individuals without developmental disabilities.
<b>Please discuss the major issues in your state that either assist or prevent victims from receiving assistance during the reporting period.</b>
Access to reliable transportation and parking remains a large barrier to services, primarily within our larger cities like Columbus, Cleveland, and Cincinnati. Many victims rely on public transportation which can be unreliable. Of victims that have access to private transportation, the rates for parking in downtown areas can be more than \$20 per day, which can be a large barrier to traveling to services in the downtown areas. Another barrier to services is the lack of available services in some rural areas of the state. The OAG has been working the last 5 years to expand services into these areas, but a number of counties still do not have sexual assault, domestic violence, or child abuse centers within the whole county. In some situations, victims are forced to travel over 30 miles to the nearest services provider. Because of this, and the fact that many rural communities have poor or no public transportation, often victims will choose to not reach out for services.
<b>Please describe ways that your agency promoted the coordination of public and private efforts within the community to help crime victims during the reporting period.</b>
One way the OAG promoted the coordination of efforts was to work with the Sexual Assault Response Network of Central Ohio to promote and publicize the state's first state sexual assault hotline. This hotline ensures that every county in Ohio has access to at least one of the basic services of sexual assault programs, hotline counseling and information and referral. Billboards, post cards, posters, and other marketing resources were specifically aimed at targeting the counties without an established sexual assault hotline. Another way the OAG promoted the coordination of efforts was to identify every subrecipient in the state which has a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with other service providers. With this information, the OAG can begin examining ways to ensure that all VOCA funded providers are knowledgeable of all of the available services in their area and the state, so that victims can receive access to services they may benefit from.
<b>Please describe any notable activities at the grantee level during the reporting period that improved delivery of victim services.</b>
One way the OAG worked to improve the delivery of victim services were a series of trainings throughout the State of Ohio targeted to organizations that currently do not receive VOCA funds, but are interested in learning how to do that. Through these trainings, over 20 new organizations were identified as being eligible to receive VOCA funds. During the reporting period, many new organizations were awarded funds specifically because they serve a population or provide services in area that is extremely underserved. Another way the OAG worked to improve the delivery of services was through a survey mapping project completed by individuals at the Ohio State University. This project identified many trends in in crime victim issues that many of our subrecipients are facing. One thing identified was the amount of victims that were being served by subrecipients who have a current or past issue with addiction to opiates and other drugs. Funding was used to allow organizations to receive training about

working with victims who have been or who are currently experiencing issues with addiction.

**Please discuss each priority (i.e., child abuse, domestic assault, sexual assault, and underserved) in which VOCA funds have been used to assist crime victims during the reporting period**

Child Abuse: Currently VOCA funds are utilized primarily through Child Advocacy Centers throughout the state. In the current reporting period, Cuyahoga County (home to Cleveland) used VOCA funds to open up its first Child Advocacy Center. Prior to this, Cleveland was the only major city in the entire state that did not have a Child Advocacy Center. During the reporting period, employees of the CAC in Cleveland said that they were on track to serve over 1,000 children per year. Domestic Violence: Domestic violence shelters received funding in over 60 of the Ohio's 88 counties. Domestic violence still tends to be the largest portion of VOCA funds utilized. In the reporting period in Akron, the Battered Women's Shelter opened up a brand new domestic violence shelter which has top of the line services and can serve many more victims. In addition to this, Domestic Violence shelters in both Marion County and Franklin County received VOCA funds to provide services in their brand new shelters. Sexual Assault: The state's sexual assault expansion project ended during this reporting period. In 2013, only 31 of Ohio's 88 counties reported that they had comprehensive sexual assault services in their county. At the end of September 2018, 81 counties now reported they had comprehensive sexual assault services in their county, with all of the expansion occurring using VOCA funds. Underserved: With the development of Trauma Recovery Centers throughout the state, previously underserved populations are now receiving meaningful access to services. Prior to the development, little to no victims with traumas of gunshots, stabbings, etc were reporting as being served by VOCA funded programs. In the reporting period, the TRCs began to see victims in high numbers from previously underserved populations including male sexual assault victims, gunshot wounds, etc. Other victim service providers received VOCA funds to serve previously underserved victims including Asian American Community Services, Community Refugee and Immigration Services, Asian Services in Action, and Disability Rights Ohio.

**Please briefly describe efforts taken to serve Victims of Federal crime during the reporting period.**

While the majority of service providers in the state primarily see victims of state and local crimes, there are a number that work with large federal cases. The Salvation Army worked with the FBI and other federal agents when a number of massage parlors in Ohio were closed down following human trafficking stings. The Salvation Army worked to ensure the victims there had access to housing, food, and other needs they may have. In addition, the Project STAR hotline in Cleveland works closely with the FBI to identify and provide services to victims of human trafficking.

**Please identify any emerging issues or notable trends affecting crime victim services in your state during the reporting period.**

One trend identified is the continuing intersection between victims of crime and the opiate epidemic. Ohio has had a large problem with opiates for several years, and often times victims are engaging with victim service providers while currently addicted. This has led to many challenges, primarily with Domestic Violence Shelters, about how to best serve these victims as they also have to consider the safety and health of other victims residing in their facilities. Another trend identified is the continued issue with a backlog of sexual assault kits. While there was a law passed in 2013 to mandate the submission of all sexual assault kits within 30 days, some local police departments throughout the state still have backlogs of kits. We also have several law enforcement agencies with thousands of kits prior to 1993 that have not yet been tested. This has led to a large distrust and trauma of sexual assault victims throughout the state.

**Please briefly outline any staffing retention issues that your victim assistance program has and why these issues may occur during the reporting period.**

The OAG does not have many issues with retention, and many of the employees here have been here for many years. The victim services providers, on the other hand, still experience high turnover. The main reasons for the extreme turnover is insufficient salary/benefits balanced with the secondary trauma many service providers face doing this work. It is fairly common to have staff turnover multiple times in one year due to these issues.

**Please explain your state process to publicize its victim assistance funding for services to victims of crime during the reporting period.**

When the OAG begins accepting applications, usually in May, every person with an account set up in our online grants management system receives an email. In addition, state coalitions are utilized to increase the number of entities receiving the notification. The OAG also issues a press release announcing the acceptance of applications, as well as the notification on all victim service provider listserv's throughout the state. The announcement is also made at the Two Days in May Conference, which is attended by over 1000 victim service providers in the state.

**Please explain how your state is able to direct funding to new/underserved populations during the reporting period.**

The OAG makes specific, targeted efforts to first identify which victims/areas are most underserved. After we identify various areas, outreach is done to those areas/organizations where services are currently not provided, or limited. Employees of the OAG will work in tandem with these providers to ensure that all information about VOCA is distributed to them in a manner in which will make it most likely for their organization to successfully have an application funded. Because of this, the OAG is able to provide funding to many organizations that other state funders do not. For example, when we received information about there currently not being many services for victims of gun violence, we targeted specific areas where the rates of gun violence were high, and determined what provider would likely reach the most of these victims. Hospitals were determined to be the most likely entry point for these victims, and so the state of Ohio targeted hospitals to be the hubs for our Trauma Recovery Centers.

**Please explain how your program is able to respond to gaps in services during the reporting period.**

Because of our close relationship with both victims of crime in the state, and service providers, we are able to identify many gaps in the state. During site visits, our staff asks specific questions about what gaps the service providers see as being an issue in their area and in the state. With this information, we are able to determine various courses of action, i.e. additional grant funding, to close the gaps in services throughout the state. One example of this was when it was identified that housing continued to be a huge gap for victims of domestic violence. Funds were awarded to the Ohio Domestic Violence Network so that local domestic violence shelters could refer victims to ODVN to receive assistance with stable housing after their time at the domestic violence shelter ended. This helped greatly in ensuring the long term safety of victims of domestic violence.

**Please list and explain any outcome measure(s) that are reported to the governor, legislature, or other state entity during the reporting period.**

Information collected by the PMT including number of victims served and services provided are frequently presented quarterly and annually to the Attorney General. This information is also presented the legislators in state congress so they are able to better identify and determine additional support for victims of crime in the State of Ohio.